

1. INDENTIFICATION OF SUBSTANCES / PREPARATION AND COMPANY

Product Name: Pegasus Pourable Cold Cure Liquid

Product Code: 225, 227

Application: With Pegasus Pourable Cold Cure Powder forms a cold cured

acrylic denture base

Company: Davis Schottlander & Davis Ltd

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2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

This substance is classified as hazardous according to GHS

Regulation EC1272/2008

Physical H225 Flammable liquids Hazard Category 2
Health H315 Irritation of skin Hazard Category 2
H317 Skin sensitisation Hazard Category 1B

H335 Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Hazard Category 3

Single exposure (inhalation)

2.2 Label elements

In Accordance with Regulation EC 1272/2008

Signal word: Danger GHS Pictogram



H315 H317 H335



H225

Hazard Statement: H225 Highly flammable liquid or vapour

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reactionH335 May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statement

(Prevention) P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No

smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/

face protection.

(Response) P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local

Regulations.



Hazardous components

For labelling: Methyl methacrylate.

In Accordance with Directive 67/548/EC or Directive 1999/45/EC

Labelling in accordance

with EC Directives: Require labelling.

Hazardous components

for labelling: Methyl methacrylate

Hazard Symbols:

F Highly flammable

Χi Irritant

Risk Phrases: Highly flammable. R11

> R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

> > R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

S9 Safety Phrases: Keep container in a well ventilated place

> S16 Keep away from sources of ignition.

S24/25 Avoid inhalation, contact with skin and eyes. Wear suitable

Protective clothing and gloves.

S29 Do not empty into drains.

S46 If swallowed seek medical advice immediately and show

the container or label.

S60 This material and its container must be disposed of as

Hazardous waste.

2.3 Other hazards

Polymerisation with heat evolution may occur in the presence of radical forming substances (e.g peroxides), reducing substances and/or heavy metal ions.

3. **COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Component	CAS No, EC Index No, REACH No, EINECS No	% w/w	LTEL	Hazard/category/statement
Methyl	80-62-6	>96%	208 mg/m ³	Flam. Liq./2/H225
Methacrylate	607-035-00-6			Skin Irrit./2/H315
	01-2119452498-28			Skin Sens./1/H317
	201-29701			STOT SE (inhalation)/3/H335
1,4- Butanediol	208-81-7	<4.0%		Skin Irrit./2/H315
dimethacrylate	-		-	Eye Irrit/2a/H319
	Pre-registered			STOT SE (inhalation)/3/H335
	218-218-1			





In Accordance with Directive 67/548/EC or Directive 1999/45/EC

Component	CAS No.	Hazard symbol – R Phrase	Content
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	F,Xi – 11,36/37/38, 43	>96%
1,4- Butanediol	2082-81-7	Xi 36/37/38, 43	<4.0%
dimethcrylate			

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice: Medical treatment is necessary if symptoms occur which are obviously

caused by skin or eye contact with the product or by vapour inhalation.

Remove soiled soaked clothing immediately.

Inhalation: Move casualty to fresh air and keep them calm. Seek medical attention. Skin contact: Wash off immediately with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs, seek

medical attention.

Eye contact: Holding eyelids open, immediately rinse thoroughly with plenty of water.

Seek medical advice.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Immediately contact a doctor.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes skin and eye irritation. Skin sensitisation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No

Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Take care for adequate ventilation. Use personal protective clothing. Keep away from sources of ignition. Use breathing apparatus if exposed to vapour/dust/mist/aerosol.

Environmental procedures

Do not allow to enter drains/surface water/ground water/sewerage systems. If entry occurs IMMEDIATELY alert the Environment Agency or other equivalent appropriate body.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Larger volumes: remove mechanically (by pumping). Use explosion-proof equipment. Smaller volumes and/or residues: contain with absorbent material (eg. Sand, diatomaceous earth, acid absorbent, universal absorbent or sawdust). Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.



7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Ensure the area is well ventilated. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame – no smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. In the event of fire, use explosion-proof equipment only. Cool the endangered containers with water. When heated above the flashpoint and/or during spraying (atomising), ignitable mixtures may form in air.

Conditions of safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep only in the original container and do not allow temperature to exceed 30°C. Protect from light. Fill the container by approx. 90% only as oxygen (air) is required for stabilisation. With large storage containers, ensure oxygen supply is sufficient to allow stability. Can polymerise with intense heat release.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure controls

Monitoring Date: For monitoring procedures and technical data refer to, for instance, The National Institute for Health and Safety (NIOSH) – Manual of Analytical Methods, method 2537.

Derived No-effect Level (DNEL)

Critical Component	Routes of Exposure	DNEL
	(LONG-TERM)	
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	210mg/m ³
	Dermal	74.3mg/m ³
	Oral	-

Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Critical Component	Routes of Exposure	PNEC			
	(LONG-TERM)				
Methyl Methacrylate	Water	0.94mg/l			
	Soil	-			
	Air	-			

General protective measures: Do not inhale vapours. Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

Personal Protective Equipment







Hygiene measures:

Store work clothes separately. Remove soiled or soaked clothing immediately. Follow the usual good standards of occupational hygiene. Clean skin thoroughly after handling. Apply skin cream.

Respiratory protection:

If ventilation is insufficient, breathing apparatus to be used in case of high concentrations, short term: filter appliance, filter A.



Hand protection:

Butyl rubber gloves (0.7mm), break through time 60 minutes (EN 374:2004). In practice, due to variable exposure conditions, this information can only be used as an aid to selection of a suitable chemical protection glove. This information does not substitute suitability tests by the end user. A suitable glove type should be selected for each work environment. Gloves should be replaced regularly, especially after extended contact with the substance.

Eye protection:

Wear approved, tightly fitting safety goggles.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: Liquid Colour: Colourless
Odour: Ester-like Melting Temp: -48°C

Temp: 430°C (method DIN 51794) Lower Explosion 2.1% vol. @ 10.5°C Limited:

Upper Explosion 12.5% vol. **Vapour Pressure:** 47hPa @ 20°C

Limit:

Relative Density: 0.94g/cm³ @ 20°C Relative Vapour

Density: >1 @ 20°C (related to air)

Solubility in Water: 1.6g/l @ 20°C, difficult Solubility (Qualitative): Miscible with most organic solvents

1.6g/1@ 20 C, difficult

to mix

pH Value: Not applicable Partition Co-efficient: LogPow 1.38 (measured, n-Octanol/water) Viscosity (Dynamic): 0.6mPa's @ 20°C

(method Brookfield)

Other information: None

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Refer to Sections 2.3 and 10.2

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions and when used as directed. No decomposition occurs when used as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Refer to Section 2.3

10.4 Conditions to avoid

The substance is normal supplied in a stabilised form. If the permissible storage period/storage temperature is exceeded, the product may polymerise with heat generation. Avoid excessive heat for long periods of time. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Free radical initiators

Reducing agents

Tertiary amines

Heat metals

Peroxides

Oxidising agents

Mineral acids

Strong acids/alkalis

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of carbon. No decomposition occurs when used as directed.



TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION 11.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity

Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism: The substance is rapidly metabolised

Acute Oral Toxicity: LD₅₀ rat >5000mg/kg =5200mg/kg

LD₅₀ mouse >5000mg/kg LD₅₀ rabbit 29.8mg/l LC₅₀ rat, 4h 33mg/l LC₅₀ mouse, 3h

Acute Dermal Toxicity: LD₅₀ rabbit >5000mg/kg

Caustic Burning/Skin Irritation: Rabbit, 25h (OECD 405) Not irritating-slightly irritating

> If skin contact is prolonged and/or frequent, irritations cannot be excluded.

Skin Irritant Category 2 (UN-GHS)

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Rabbit, 24h Not irritating-slightly irritating

Respiratory/Skin Sensitisation: Guinea pig (OECD 406) Sensitising

> Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. In humans, various types of allergic reactions have been observed (symptoms: headache, eye irritations, skin

affections).

Skin Irritant Category 1B (UN-GHS) **Aspiration Hazard:** No evidence for hazardous properties

> (structure-activity relationship) +ve as well as -ve results in in vitro Mutagenicity/genotoxicity tests. No Experimental evidence of genotoxicity

in vivo is available. In general, not mutagenic according to international

criteria.

Carcinogenicity: Non-carcinogenic in inhalation and

feeding studies performed in rats, mice

and dogs.

Reprotoxicity/Teratogenicity: No indication of toxic effects in experimental. CMR:no

Human Health Hazard Assessment:

Specific Target Organ Toxicity -

Single Exposure:

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:

Specific Target Organ Toxicity -

Repeated exposure:

Respiratory tract irritation Hazard Category 3

No evidence for hazardous properties

Rat, inhalation, 25-400ppm NOAEL, 25ppm

Findings: damage to nasal mucous

membrane. 400ppm

NOAEL, 2000ppm Rat, dilute ingestion, 6-2000ppm

Findings: No toxic effect

General Information: Avoid contact with skin and eyes and inhalation of substance vapours.

12. **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1 Ecotoxicity

Aquatic Environment Hazardous to the aquatic environment Acute Aquatic Toxicity Category 3

Aquatoxicity, fish LC₅₀ Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96h >79mg/l LC₅₀ Lepomis macrochirus, 72h 264mg/l 191mg/l LC₅₀ Lepomis macrochirus, 96h

EC₅₀ Daphnia magna, 48h (OECD 202) 69mg/l Aquatoxicity, invertebrates

> Daphnia magna, 21d flow through (OECD 202) NOEC, 37mg/I

EC₅₀ Selenastrum capricornutum, 72hr (OECD 201) Aquatoxicity, aquatic plants >110mg/l

EC3 Scenedesmus quadricauda, 8d (DIN 38412:9) 37mg/l

Toxicity in Microorganisms EC3 Pseudomonas putida, 16h 100mg/l



94%

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Persistence and Degradability No evidence for hazardous properties

Biodegradability Readily degradable, 14d, 28d (OECD 301, 301C)

The substance in inherently biodegradable, but not readily biodegradable to OECD criteria

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No evidence for hazardous properties

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility The substance has poor water solubility.

No evidence for hazardous properties.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Persistent, Bioaccumulative or Toxic No (REACH, Annex VIII)
Very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative No (REACH, Annex VIII)

12.6 Other adverse effects

General Information Do not allow to enter soil, waterways or

waste water.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Substance:

Waste is hazardous and to be treated as controlled waste. Product must be disposed of as special waste after consultation with local waste authorities and the disposal company in a suitable and licensed facility.

Packaging:

Contaminated packaging should be emptied optimally and after appropriate professional cleaning may be taken for re-use. Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of professionally. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Contaminated rags and the like must be discarded into designated a fireproof bucket.

List of Waste, LOW:

Chemicals and gases in containers, 16 05

16 05 06 Laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing dangerous

substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals.

16 05 08 Discarded organic chemicals consisting of or containing dangerous

substances.

Always check the given waste code according to the actual conditions of manufacturing, formulation or use in your facility.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number UN 1247 Hazard Class 3, flammable liquids Packing Group II



14.2 UN proper shipping name

Land Transport

ADR/GGVSEB UN/Germany

UN 1247

METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER MONOMER, STABILISED, Class 3, Group II, Tunnel restriction code D/E

Hazard no. 339



Land Transport

RID/GGVSEB UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER MONOMER,

STABILISED, Class 3, Group II

Hazard no. 339

Inland Waterway
Transport ADNR

/GGVSEB UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER MONOMER,

STABILISED, Class 3, Group II

Shipment by Sea IMDG

/GGVSee UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER MONOMER,

STABILISED, Class 3, Group II

EmS F-E, S-D Marine pollutant No

Air Transport ICAO/IATA UN 1247 METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER MONOMER,

STABILISED, Class 3, Group II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Legislation

Occupational Restrictions Note for juveniles.

Note for pregnant women and nursing mothers

EC Directive 92/85/EEC

Status of Registration REACH (EU) registered/pre-registered

TSCA (USA) listed or exempt DSL (CDN) listed or exempt AICS (AUS) listed or exempt METI (J) listed or exempt ECL (KOR) listed or exempt PICCS (RP) listed or exempt IECSC (CN) listed or exempt

HSNO (NZ) listed or exempt Code: HSR001195

Chemical safety assessment

Labelling in accordance with GefStoffV/EC Methyl Methacrylate

Hazard symbols F Highly flammable

Xi Irritant

H-statements from

Section 3 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction H335 May cause respiratory irritation

R-phrases from Section 3 R11 Highly flammable

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and

skin

R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact



16. FURTHER INFORMATION

The substance is normally supplied in a stabilised form.

If the permissible storage period and/or storage temperature is noticeably exceeded, the substance may polymerise with heat evolution.

The data given above covers exclusively the safety requirements of the product(s) and is based on our current knowledge and experience. It does not signify any warranty with regards to the products properties. This product is only supplied for specific uses in dentistry and must be used in accordance with the directions for use.